

Configuration générale

URL de Moodle *	<input type="text" value="https://www.informatique-bureautique.com/moc"/>
Jeton d'authentification de Moodle 2.0	<input type="text" value="d5280fc2b14412fa0f239fc1c0397f4f"/>
Méthode de connexion	<input type="text" value="cURL"/> ▼
Joomla auth token	<input type="text" value="j6obVVyFluVmjcBOFJY0TuKikGP80kmV"/>
Utiliser SSO sans redirection	<input type="radio"/> Oui <input checked="" type="radio"/> Non
Utiliser Déconnexion sans redirection	<input type="radio"/> Oui <input checked="" type="radio"/> Non
Chemin des cookies Moodle	<input type="text" value="/joomla/moodle/"/>
Auto création d'utilisateurs de Moodle	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Oui <input type="radio"/> Non
Autosuppression des utilisateurs de Moodle	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Oui <input type="radio"/> Non

Comportement des liens

Ouvre le lien Moodle dans	<input type="text" value="Conteneur"/>
Barres de défilement du Conteneur	<input type="text" value="Non"/>
Largeur du Conteneur	<input type="text" value="100%"/>
Hauteur du Conteneur	<input type="text" value="1000"/>
Auto-hauteur dans le conteneur	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oui <input type="checkbox"/> Non
Cross-domain auto-height	<input type="checkbox"/> Oui <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Non
Moodle theme for wrapper	<input type="text" value="Default"/>
Itemid par défaut	<input type="text" value="Aucun"/>
Itemid de Joomla	<input type="text" value="Aucun"/>
Itemid de boutique	<input type="text" value="Aucun"/>
Itemid de vue de course	<input type="text" value="Aucun"/>

Montrer le bouton des cours gratuits

Show button for paid courses

Aller au bouton de cours

Vue des sujets

Montrer les titres Oui Non

Vue des catégories de cours

Montrer les infos des catégories Oui Non

Montrer le bouton d'exécution Oui Non

Vue du cours

Montrer les titres Oui Non

Montrer le résumé des sujets Oui Non

Utiliser Vue de la page Oui Non

Utiliser les forums Kunena Oui Non

Liens retour

Montrer la catégorie Oui Non

Montrer le résumé du cours Oui Non

Montrer la langue Oui Non

Montrer la date de commencement Oui Non

Montrer les dates d'inscription Oui Non

Montrer la durée de l'inscription Oui Non

Montrer le nombre de sujets Oui Non

Montrer le coût Oui Non

Montrer les liens des contenus Oui Non

Montrer le lien du sujet Oui Non

Montrer de lien du système de notation Oui Non

Montrer de lien de l'enseignant Oui Non

Vue des cours ABC

Montrer le bouton d'exécution Oui Non

Joomla

URL de Joomla

auth_joomla | joomla_url

Défaut : Vide

URL du serveur Joomla

Joomla's Joomla authentication token

auth_joomla | joomla_auth_token

Défaut : Vide

Auth token as configured in Joomla in Joomla

Methode de connection

auth_joomla | connection_method

Défaut : file_get_contents

Méthode de connection pour l'utilisation des Service Web

Sync users to Joomla

auth_joomla | sync_to_joomla

Défaut : Non

Syncs new users and profile updates to Joomla

Joomla default language

auth_joomla | joomla_lang

Défaut : Vide

Joomla default language string. Only needed when multi language is enabled in Joomla

Joomla SEF enabled

auth_joomla | joomla_sef

Défaut : Non

Joomla SEF setting. Only needed when multi language is enabled in Joomla

Use redirect-less SSO

auth_joomla | redirectless_sso

Défaut : Non

Use SSO without redirection. Requires cURL

Redirect to Joomla on Moodle logout

auth_joomla | logout_redirect_to_joomla

Défaut : Non

Redirect to Joomla on Moodle logout

Use logout with redirect

auth_joomla | logout_with_redirect

Défaut : Non

Required only for cross-domain and "remember me" set

Jomsocial activités

auth_joomla | jomsocial_activities

Défaut : Non

Ajouter une activité Jomsocial

Jomsocial groupes

auth_joomla | jomsocial_groups

Défaut : Non

Créer un groupe Jomsocial pour chaque cours

- Jomsocial groupes** auth_joomdle | jomsocial_groups Défaut : Non
Créer un groupe Jomsocial pour chaque cours
- Delete Social groups** auth_joomdle | jomsocial_groups_delete Défaut : Non
Delete the Social group when deleting course
- Auto Sell courses** auth_joomdle | auto_sell Défaut : Non
Create/update/delete courses on Joomla shop when done in Moodle
- Abonner les parents dans les cours** auth_joomdle | enrol_parents Défaut : Non
Abonner automatiquement les parents dans les cours enfants
- ID du mod&egrav;le Parent** auth_joomdle | parent_role_id
Mod&egrav;le ID du mod&egrav;le parent
- Give points** auth_joomdle | give_points Défaut : Non
Give karma points following Joomla configuration
- Auto mailing lists** auth_joomdle | auto_mailing_lists Défaut : Non
Automatically manage mailing lists following Joomla configuration
- Use Joomla user groups** auth_joomdle | joomla_user_groups Défaut : Non
Create Joomla user groups for students and teachers. Joomla 1.6+ only
- Use Kunena forums** auth_joomdle | use_kunena_forums Défaut : Non
Sync course forums to Kunena forums in Joomla. Joomla 1.6+ only
- Forward Moodle events to Joomla** auth_joomdle | forward_events Défaut : Non
Forward events so Joomla plugins can react to them

Config

<?php

```

////////////////////////////////////
//                                     //
// Moodle configuration file           //
//                                     //
// This file should be renamed "config.php" in the top-level directory //
//                                     //
////////////////////////////////////
//                                     //
// NOTICE OF COPYRIGHT                //
//                                     //
// Moodle - Modular Object-Oriented Dynamic Learning Environment //
//   http://moodle.org                 //
//                                     //

```

```

// Copyright (C) 1999 onwards Martin Dougiamas http://moodle.com //
//
// This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify //
// it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by //
// the Free Software Foundation; either version 3 of the License, or //
// (at your option) any later version. //
//
// This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, //
// but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of //
// MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the //
// GNU General Public License for more details: //
//
// http://www.gnu.org/copyleft/gpl.html //
//
////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
unset($CFG); // Ignore this line
global $CFG; // This is necessary here for PHPUnit execution
$CFG = new stdClass();

//=====
// 1. DATABASE SETUP
//=====
// First, you need to configure the database where all Moodle data //
// will be stored. This database must already have been created //
// and a username/password created to access it. //

$CFG->dbtype = 'mysqli'; // 'pgsql', 'mariadb', 'mysqli', 'mssql', 'sqlsrv' or 'oci'
$CFG->dblibrary = 'native'; // 'native' only at the moment
$CFG->dbhost = 'iosfrinfoburo.mysql.db'; // eg 'localhost' or 'db.isp.com' or IP
$CFG->dbname = 'iosfrinfoburo'; // database name, eg moodle
$CFG->dbuser = 'iosfrinfoburo'; // your database username

```

```

$CFG->dbpass = 'Axolotl33'; // your database password
$CFG->prefix = 'mdl_'; // prefix to use for all table names
$CFG->dboptions = array(
    'dbpersist' => false, // should persistent database connections be
                        // used? set to 'false' for the most stable
                        // setting, 'true' can improve performance
                        // sometimes
    'dbsocket' => false, // should connection via UNIX socket be used?
                        // if you set it to 'true' or custom path
                        // here set dbhost to 'localhost',
                        // (please note mysql is always using socket
                        // if dbhost is 'localhost' - if you need
                        // local port connection use '127.0.0.1')
    'dbport' => "", // the TCP port number to use when connecting
                        // to the server. keep empty string for the
                        // default port
    'dbhandlesoptions' => false, // On PostgreSQL poolers like pgbouncer don't
                        // support advanced options on connection.
                        // If you set those in the database then
                        // the advanced settings will not be sent.
);

//=====
// 2. WEB SITE LOCATION
//=====
// Now you need to tell Moodle where it is located. Specify the full
// web address to where moodle has been installed. If your web site
// is accessible via multiple URLs then choose the most natural one
// that your students would use. Do not include a trailing slash
//

```

```
// If you need both intranet and Internet access please read
// http://docs.moodle.org/en/masquerading
```

```
$CFG->wwwroot = 'https://www.informatique-bureautique.com/moodle';
```

```
//=====
```

```
// 3. DATA FILES LOCATION
```

```
//=====
```

```
// Now you need a place where Moodle can save uploaded files. This
// directory should be readable AND WRITEABLE by the web server user
// (usually 'nobody' or 'apache'), but it should not be accessible
// directly via the web.
```

```
//
```

```
// - On hosting systems you might need to make sure that your "group" has
// no permissions at all, but that "others" have full permissions.
```

```
//
```

```
// - On Windows systems you might specify something like 'c:\moodledata'
```

```
$CFG->dataroot = '/home/iosfr/moodledata292';
```

```
//=====
```

```
// 4. DATA FILES PERMISSIONS
```

```
//=====
```

```
// The following parameter sets the permissions of new directories
// created by Moodle within the data directory. The format is in
// octal format (as used by the Unix utility chmod, for example).
// The default is usually OK, but you may want to change it to 0750
// if you are concerned about world-access to the files (you will need
// to make sure the web server process (eg Apache) can access the files.
```

```
// NOTE: the prefixed 0 is important, and don't use quotes.
```

```
$CFG->directorypermissions = 02777;
```

```
//=====
```

```
// 5. DIRECTORY LOCATION (most people can just ignore this setting)
```

```
//=====
```

```
// A very few webhosts use /admin as a special URL for you to access a
```

```
// control panel or something. Unfortunately this conflicts with the
```

```
// standard location for the Moodle admin pages. You can work around this
```

```
// by renaming the admin directory in your installation, and putting that
```

```
// new name here. eg "moodleadmin". This should fix all admin links in Moodle.
```

```
// After any change you need to visit your new admin directory
```

```
// and purge all caches.
```

```
$CFG->admin = 'admin';
```

```
//=====
```

```
// 6. OTHER MISCELLANEOUS SETTINGS (ignore these for new installations)
```

```
//=====
```

```
//
```

```
// These are additional tweaks for which no GUI exists in Moodle yet.
```

```
//
```

```
// Starting in PHP 5.3 administrators should specify default timezone
```

```
// in PHP.ini, you can also specify it here if needed.
```

```
// See details at: http://php.net/manual/en/function.date-default-timezone-set.php
```

```
// List of time zones at: http://php.net/manual/en/timezones.php
```

```
// date_default_timezone_set('Australia/Perth');
```

```
//
```

```
// Change the key pair lifetime for Moodle Networking
// The default is 28 days. You would only want to change this if the key
// was not getting regenerated for any reason. You would probably want
// make it much longer. Note that you'll need to delete and manually update
// any existing key.
//   $CFG->mnetkeylifetime = 28;
//
// Not recommended: Set the following to true to allow the use
// off non-Moodle standard characters in usernames.
//   $CFG->extendedusernamechars = true;
//
// Allow user passwords to be included in backup files. Very dangerous
// setting as far as it publishes password hashes that can be unencrypted
// if the backup file is publicly available. Use it only if you can guarantee
// that all your backup files remain only privacy available and are never
// shared out from your site/institution!
//   $CFG->includeuserpasswordsinbackup = true;
//
// Completely disable user creation when restoring a course, bypassing any
// permissions granted via roles and capabilities. Enabling this setting
// results in the restore process stopping when a user attempts to restore a
// course requiring users to be created.
//   $CFG->disableusercreationonrestore = true;
//
// Keep the temporary directories used by backup and restore without being
// deleted at the end of the process. Use it if you want to debug / view
// all the information stored there after the process has ended. Note that
// those directories may be deleted (after some ttl) both by cron and / or
// by new backup / restore invocations.
//   $CFG->keeptempdirectoriesonbackup = true;
//
```

```
// Modify the restore process in order to force the "user checks" to assume
// that the backup originated from a different site, so detection of matching
// users is performed with different (more "relaxed") rules. Note that this is
// only useful if the backup file has been created using Moodle < 1.9.4 and the
// site has been rebuilt from scratch using backup files (not the best way btw).
// If you obtain user conflicts on restore, rather than enabling this setting
// permanently, try restoring the backup on a different site, back it up again
// and then restore on the target server.
// $CFG->forcedifferentsitecheckingusersonrestore = true;
//
// Force the backup system to continue to create backups in the legacy zip
// format instead of the new tgz format. Does not affect restore, which
// auto-detects the underlying file format.
// $CFG->usezipbackups = true;
//
// Prevent stats processing and hide the GUI
// $CFG->disablestatsprocessing = true;
//
// Setting this to true will enable admins to edit any post at any time
// $CFG->admineditalways = true;
//
// These variables define DEFAULT block variables for new courses
// If this one is set it overrides all others and is the only one used.
// $CFG->defaultblocks_override =
'participants,activity_modules,search_forums,course_list:news_items,calendar_upcoming,recent_act
ivity';
//
// These variables define the specific settings for defined course formats.
// They override any settings defined in the formats own config file.
// $CFG->defaultblocks_site = 'site_main_menu,course_list:course_summary,calendar_month';
```

```
// $CFG->defaultblocks_social =
'participants,search_forums,calendar_month,calendar_upcoming,social_activities,recent_activity,co
urse_list';

// $CFG->defaultblocks_topics =
'participants,activity_modules,search_forums,course_list:news_items,calendar_upcoming,recent_act
ivity';

// $CFG->defaultblocks_weeks =
'participants,activity_modules,search_forums,course_list:news_items,calendar_upcoming,recent_act
ivity';

//

// These blocks are used when no other default setting is found.

// $CFG->defaultblocks =
'participants,activity_modules,search_forums,course_list:news_items,calendar_upcoming,recent_act
ivity';

//

// You can specify a different class to be created for the $PAGE global, and to
// compute which blocks appear on each page. However, I cannot think of any good
// reason why you would need to change that. It just felt wrong to hard-code the
// the class name. You are strongly advised not to use these to settings unless
// you are absolutely sure you know what you are doing.

// $CFG->moodlepageclass = 'moodle_page';
// $CFG->moodlepageclassfile = "$CFG->dirroot/local/myplugin/mypageclass.php";
// $CFG->blockmanagerclass = 'block_manager';
// $CFG->blockmanagerclassfile = "$CFG->dirroot/local/myplugin/myblockamanagerclass.php";
//

// Seconds for files to remain in caches. Decrease this if you are worried
// about students being served outdated versions of uploaded files.
// $CFG->filelifetime = 60*60*6;
//

// Some web servers can offload the file serving from PHP process,
// comment out one the following options to enable it in Moodle:
// $CFG->xsendfile = 'X-Sendfile'; // Apache {@see https://tn123.org/mod_xsendfile/}
// $CFG->xsendfile = 'X-LIGHTTPD-send-file'; // Lighttpd {@see
http://redmine.lighttpd.net/projects/lighttpd/wiki/X-LIGHTTPD-send-file}
```

```

// $CFG->xsendfile = 'X-Accel-Redirect'; // Nginx {@see http://wiki.nginx.org/XSendfile}
// If your X-Sendfile implementation (usually Nginx) uses directory aliases specify them
// in the following array setting:
// $CFG->xsendfilealiases = array(
//     '/dataroot/' => $CFG->dataroot,
//     '/cachedir/' => '/var/www/moodle/cache', // for custom $CFG->cachedir locations
//     '/localcachedir/' => '/var/local/cache', // for custom $CFG->localcachedir locations
//     '/tempdir/' => '/var/www/moodle/temp', // for custom $CFG->tempdir locations
//     '/filedir' => '/var/www/moodle/filedir', // for custom $CFG->filedir locations
// );
//
// YUI caching may be sometimes improved by slasharguments:
// $CFG->yuislasharguments = 1;
// Some servers may need a special rewrite rule to work around internal path length limitations:
// RewriteRule (^.*\/theme\/yui_combo\.php)(\/.*) $1?file=$2
//
//
// Following settings may be used to select session driver, uncomment only one of the handlers.
// Database session handler (not compatible with MyISAM):
// $CFG->session_handler_class = '\core\session\database';
// $CFG->session_database_acquire_lock_timeout = 120;
//
// File session handler (file system locking required):
// $CFG->session_handler_class = '\core\session\file';
// $CFG->session_file_save_path = $CFG->dataroot.'/sessions';
//
// Memcached session handler (requires memcached server and extension):
// $CFG->session_handler_class = '\core\session\memcached';
// $CFG->session_memcached_save_path = '127.0.0.1:11211';
// $CFG->session_memcached_prefix = 'memc.sess.key.';
// $CFG->session_memcached_acquire_lock_timeout = 120;

```

```
// $CFG->session_memcached_lock_expire = 7200; // Ignored if PECL memcached is below
version 2.2.0

//

// Redis session handler (requires redis server and redis extension):
// $CFG->session_handler_class = '\core\session\redis';
// $CFG->session_redis_host = '127.0.0.1';
// $CFG->session_redis_port = 6379; // Optional.
// $CFG->session_redis_database = 0; // Optional, default is db 0.
// $CFG->session_redis_prefix = ""; // Optional, default is don't set one.
// $CFG->session_redis_acquire_lock_timeout = 120;
// $CFG->session_redis_lock_expire = 7200;
//

// Memcache session handler (requires memcached server and memcache extension):
// $CFG->session_handler_class = '\core\session\memcache';
// $CFG->session_memcache_save_path = '127.0.0.1:11211';
// $CFG->session_memcache_acquire_lock_timeout = 120;
// ** NOTE: Memcache extension has less features than memcached and may be
// less reliable. Use memcached where possible or if you encounter
// session problems. **
//

// Please be aware that when selecting either Memcached or Memcache for sessions that it is
advised to use a dedicated

// memcache server. The memcache and memcached extensions do not provide isolated
environments for individual uses.

// Using the same server for other purposes (MUC for example) can lead to sessions being
prematurely removed should

// the other uses of the server purge the cache.

//

// Following setting allows you to alter how frequently is timemodified updated in sessions table.
// $CFG->session_update_timemodified_frequency = 20; // In seconds.
//

// If this setting is set to true, then Moodle will track the IP of the
```

```
// current user to make sure it hasn't changed during a session. This
// will prevent the possibility of sessions being hijacked via XSS, but it
// may break things for users coming using proxies that change all the time,
// like AOL.
// $CFG->tracksessionip = true;
//
// The following lines are for handling email bounces.
// $CFG->handlebounces = true;
// $CFG->minbounces = 10;
// $CFG->bounceratio = .20;
// The next lines are needed both for bounce handling and any other email to module processing.
// mailprefix must be EXACTLY four characters.
// Uncomment and customise this block for Postfix
// $CFG->mailprefix = 'mdl+'; // + is the separator for Exim and Postfix.
// $CFG->mailprefix = 'mdl-'; // - is the separator for qmail
// $CFG->maildomain = 'youremaildomain.com';
//
// Enable when setting up advanced reverse proxy load balancing configurations,
// it may be also necessary to enable this when using port forwarding.
// $CFG->reverseproxy = true;
//
// Enable when using external SSL appliance for performance reasons.
// Please note that site may be accessible via http: or https:, but not both!
// $CFG->sslproxy = true;
//
// This setting will cause the userdate() function not to fix %d in
// date strings, and just let them show with a zero prefix.
// $CFG->nofixday = true;
//
// This setting will make some graphs (eg user logs) use lines instead of bars
// $CFG->preferlinegraphs = true;
```

```
//  
// This setting allows you to specify a class to rewrite outgoing urls  
// enabling 'clean urls' in conjunction with an apache / nginx handler.  
// The handler must implement \core\output\url_rewriter.  
// $CFG->urlrewriteclass = '\local_cleanurls\url_rewriter';  
//  
// Enabling this will allow custom scripts to replace existing moodle scripts.  
// For example: if $CFG->customscripts/course/view.php exists then  
// it will be used instead of $CFG->wwwroot/course/view.php  
// At present this will only work for files that include config.php and are called  
// as part of the url (index.php is implied).  
// Some examples are:  
// http://my.moodle.site/course/view.php  
// http://my.moodle.site/index.php  
// http://my.moodle.site/admin      (index.php implied)  
// Custom scripts should not include config.php  
// Warning: Replacing standard moodle scripts may pose security risks and/or may not  
// be compatible with upgrades. Use this option only if you are aware of the risks  
// involved.  
// Specify the full directory path to the custom scripts  
// $CFG->customscripts = '/home/example/customscripts';  
//  
// Performance profiling  
//  
// If you set Debug to "Yes" in the Configuration->Variables page some  
// performance profiling data will show up on your footer (in default theme).  
// With these settings you get more granular control over the capture  
// and printout of the data  
//  
// Capture performance profiling data  
// define('MDL_PERF' , true);
```

```
//  
// Capture additional data from DB  
// define('MDL_PERFDB' , true);  
//  
// Print to log (for passive profiling of production servers)  
// define('MDL_PERFTOLOG' , true);  
//  
// Print to footer (works with the default theme)  
// define('MDL_PERFTOFOOT', true);  
//  
// Enable earlier profiling that causes more code to be covered  
// on every request (db connections, config load, other inits...).  
// Requires extra configuration to be defined in config.php like:  
// profilingincluded, profilingexcluded, profilingautofrec,  
// profilingallowme, profilingallowall, profilinglifetime  
// $CFG->earlyprofilingenabled = true;  
//  
// Force displayed usernames  
// A little hack to anonymise user names for all students. If you set these  
// then all non-teachers will always see these for every person.  
// $CFG->forcefirstname = 'Bruce';  
// $CFG->forcelastname = 'Simpson';  
//  
// The following setting will turn on username logging into Apache log. For full details regarding  
// setting  
// up of this function please refer to the install section of the document.  
// $CFG->apacheloguser = 0; // Turn this feature off. Default value.  
// $CFG->apacheloguser = 1; // Log user id.  
// $CFG->apacheloguser = 2; // Log full name in cleaned format. ie, Darth Vader will be displayed  
// as darth_vader.  
// $CFG->apacheloguser = 3; // Log username.  
// To get the values logged in Apache's log, add to your httpd.conf
```

```
// the following statements. In the General part put:

// LogFormat "%h %l %{MOODLEUSER}n %t \"%r\" %s %b \"%{Referer}i\" \"%{User-Agent}i\""
moodleformat

// And in the part specific to your Moodle install / virtualhost:

// CustomLog "/your/path/to/log" moodleformat

// CAUTION: Use of this option will expose usernames in the Apache log,
// If you are going to publish your log, or the output of your web stats analyzer
// this will weaken the security of your website.

//

// Email database connection errors to someone. If Moodle cannot connect to the
// database, then email this address with a notice.

//

// $CFG->emailconnectionerrorsto = 'your@emailaddress.com';

//

// Set the priority of themes from highest to lowest. This is useful (for
// example) in sites where the user theme should override all other theme
// settings for accessibility reasons. You can also disable types of themes
// (other than site) by removing them from the array. The default setting is:
// $CFG->themeorder = array('course', 'category', 'session', 'user', 'site');
// NOTE: course, category, session, user themes still require the
// respective settings to be enabled

//

// It is possible to add extra themes directory stored outside of $CFG->dirroot.
// This local directory does not have to be accessible from internet.

//

// $CFG->themedir = '/location/of/extra/themes';

//

// It is possible to specify different cache and temp directories, use local fast filesystem
// for normal web servers. Server clusters MUST use shared filesystem for cachedir!
// Localcachedir is intended for server clusters, it does not have to be shared by cluster nodes.
// The directories must not be accessible via web.
```

```
//  
// $CFG->tempdir = '/var/www/moodle/temp'; // Directory MUST BE SHARED by all cluster  
nodes.  
// $CFG->cachedir = '/var/www/moodle/cache'; // Directory MUST BE SHARED by all cluster  
nodes, locking required.  
// $CFG->localcachedir = '/var/local/cache'; // Intended for local node caching.  
//  
// Some filesystems such as NFS may not support file locking operations.  
// Locking resolves race conditions and is strongly recommended for production servers.  
// $CFG->preventfilelocking = false;  
//  
// Site default language can be set via standard administration interface. If you  
// want to have initial error messages for eventual database connection problems  
// localized too, you have to set your language code here.  
//  
// $CFG->lang = 'yourlangcode'; // for example 'cs'  
//  
// When Moodle is about to perform an intensive operation it raises PHP's memory  
// limit. The following setting should be used on large sites to set the raised  
// memory limit to something higher.  
// The value for the settings should be a valid PHP memory value. e.g. 512M, 1G  
//  
// $CFG->extramemorylimit = '1024M';  
//  
// Moodle 2.4 introduced a new cache API.  
// The cache API stores a configuration file within the Moodle data directory and  
// uses that rather than the database in order to function in a stand-alone manner.  
// Using altcacheconfigpath you can change the location where this config file is  
// looked for.  
// It can either be a directory in which to store the file, or the full path to the  
// file if you want to take full control. Either way it must be writable by the  
// webserver.
```

```
//  
// $CFG->altcacheconfigpath = '/var/www/shared/moodle.cache.config.php'  
//  
// Use the following flag to completely disable the Available update notifications  
// feature and hide it from the server administration UI.  
//  
// $CFG->disableupdatenotifications = true;  
//  
// Use the following flag to completely disable the installation of plugins  
// (new plugins, available updates and missing dependencies) and related  
// features (such as cancelling the plugin installation or upgrade) via the  
// server administration web interface.  
//  
// $CFG->disableupdateautodeploy = true;  
//  
// Use the following flag to disable modifications to scheduled tasks  
// whilst still showing the state of tasks.  
//  
// $CFG->preventscheduledtaskchanges = true;  
//  
// As of version 2.4 Moodle serves icons as SVG images if the users browser appears  
// to support SVG.  
// For those wanting to control the serving of SVG images the following setting can  
// be defined in your config.php.  
// If it is not defined then the default (browser detection) will occur.  
//  
// To ensure they are always used when available:  
// $CFG->svgicons = true;  
//  
// To ensure they are never used even when available:  
// $CFG->svgicons = false;
```

```
//  
// Some administration options allow setting the path to executable files. This can  
// potentially cause a security risk. Set this option to true to disable editing  
// those config settings via the web. They will need to be set explicitly in the  
// config.php file  
// $CFG->preventexecpath = true;  
//  
// Use the following flag to set userid for noreply user. If not set then moodle will  
// create dummy user and use -ve value as user id.  
// $CFG->noreplyuserid = -10;  
//  
// As of version 2.6 Moodle supports admin to set support user. If not set, all mails  
// will be sent to supportemail.  
// $CFG->supportuserid = -20;  
//  
// Moodle 2.7 introduces a locking api for critical tasks (e.g. cron).  
// The default locking system to use is DB locking for Postgres, and file locking for  
// MySQL, Oracle and SQLServer. If $CFG->preventfilelocking is set, then the default  
// will always be DB locking. It can be manually set to one of the lock  
// factory classes listed below, or one of your own custom classes implementing the  
// \core\lock\lock_factory interface.  
//  
// $CFG->lock_factory = "auto";  
//  
// The list of available lock factories is:  
//  
// "\\core\\lock\\file_lock_factory" - File locking  
// Uses lock files stored by default in the dataroot. Whether this  
// works on clusters depends on the file system used for the dataroot.  
//  
// "\\core\\lock\\db_record_lock_factory" - DB locking based on table rows.
```

```
//  
// "\\core\\lock\\postgres_lock_factory" - DB locking based on postgres advisory locks.  
//  
// Settings used by the lock factories  
//  
// Location for lock files used by the File locking factory. This must exist  
// on a shared file system that supports locking.  
// $CFG->lock_file_root = $CFG->dataroot . '/lock';  
//  
// Moodle 2.9 allows administrators to customise the list of supported file types.  
// To add a new filetype or override the definition of an existing one, set the  
// customfiletypes variable like this:  
//  
// $CFG->customfiletypes = array(  
// (object)array(  
// 'extension' => 'frog',  
// 'icon' => 'archive',  
// 'type' => 'application/frog',  
// 'customdescription' => 'Amphibian-related file archive'  
// )  
// );  
//  
// The extension, icon, and type fields are required. The icon field can refer to  
// any icon inside the pix/f folder. You can also set the customdescription field  
// (shown above) and (for advanced use) the groups, string, and defaulticon fields.  
//  
// Upgrade key  
//  
// If the upgrade key is defined here, then the value must be provided every time  
// the site is being upgraded through the web interface, regardless of whether the  
// administrator is logged in or not. This prevents anonymous access to the upgrade
```

```
// screens where the real authentication and authorization mechanisms can not be
// relied on.
//
// It is strongly recommended to use a value different from your real account
// password.
//
// $CFG->upgradekey = 'put_some_password-like_value_here';
//
//=====
// 7. SETTINGS FOR DEVELOPMENT SERVERS - not intended for production use!!!
//=====
//
// Force a debugging mode regardless the settings in the site administration
// @error_reporting(E_ALL | E_STRICT); // NOT FOR PRODUCTION SERVERS!
// @ini_set('display_errors', '1'); // NOT FOR PRODUCTION SERVERS!
// $CFG->debug = (E_ALL | E_STRICT); // === DEBUG_DEVELOPER - NOT FOR PRODUCTION
SERVERS!
// $CFG->debugdisplay = 1; // NOT FOR PRODUCTION SERVERS!
//
// You can specify a comma separated list of user ids that that always see
// debug messages, this overrides the debug flag in $CFG->debug and $CFG->debugdisplay
// for these users only.
// $CFG->debugusers = '2';
//
// Prevent theme caching
// $CFG->themedesignermode = true; // NOT FOR PRODUCTION SERVERS!
//
// Enable verbose debug information during fetching of email messages from IMAP server.
// $CFG->debugimap = true;
//
// Prevent JS caching
```

```
// $CFG->cachejs = false; // NOT FOR PRODUCTION SERVERS!
//
// Restrict which YUI logging statements are shown in the browser console.
// For details see the upstream documentation:
// http://yuilibrary.com/yui/docs/api/classes/config.html#property\_logInclude
// http://yuilibrary.com/yui/docs/api/classes/config.html#property\_logExclude
// $CFG->yuiloginclude = array(
//   'moodle-core-dock-loader' => true,
//   'moodle-course-categoryexpander' => true,
// );
// $CFG->yuilogexclude = array(
//   'moodle-core-dock' => true,
//   'moodle-core-notification' => true,
// );
//
// Set the minimum log level for YUI logging statements.
// For details see the upstream documentation:
// http://yuilibrary.com/yui/docs/api/classes/config.html#property\_logLevel
// $CFG->yuiloglevel = 'debug';
//
// Prevent core_string_manager application caching
// $CFG->langstringcache = false; // NOT FOR PRODUCTION SERVERS!
//
// When working with production data on test servers, no emails or other messages
// should ever be send to real users
// $CFG->noemailever = true; // NOT FOR PRODUCTION SERVERS!
//
// Divert all outgoing emails to this address to test and debug emailing features
// $CFG->divertallemailsto = 'root@localhost.local'; // NOT FOR PRODUCTION SERVERS!
//
// Except for certain email addresses you want to let through for testing. Accepts
```

```
// a comma separated list of regexes.

// $CFG->divertallemailsexcept = 'tester@dev.com, fred(\+.*)?@example.com'; // NOT FOR
PRODUCTION SERVERS!

//

// Uncomment if you want to allow empty comments when modifying install.xml files.

// $CFG->xmldbdisablecommentchecking = true; // NOT FOR PRODUCTION SERVERS!

//

// Since 2.0 sql queries are not shown during upgrade by default.

// Please note that this setting may produce very long upgrade page on large sites.

// $CFG->upgradeshowsql = true; // NOT FOR PRODUCTION SERVERS!

//

// Add SQL queries to the output of cron, just before their execution

// $CFG->showcronsql = true;

//

// Force developer level debug and add debug info to the output of cron

// $CFG->showcrondebugging = true;

//

//=====

// 8. FORCED SETTINGS

//=====

// It is possible to specify normal admin settings here, the point is that

// they can not be changed through the standard admin settings pages any more.

//

// Core settings are specified directly via assignment to $CFG variable.

// Example:

// $CFG->somecoresetting = 'value';

//

// Plugin settings have to be put into a special array.

// Example:

// $CFG->forced_plugin_settings = array('pluginname' => array('settingname' => 'value',
'secondsetting' => 'othervalue'),

//          'otherplugin' => array('mysetting' => 'myvalue', 'thesetting' => 'thevalue'));
```

```

// Module default settings with advanced/locked checkboxes can be set too. To do this, add
// an extra config with '_adv' or '_locked' as a suffix and set the value to true or false.
// Example:
// $CFG->forced_plugin_settings = array('pluginname' => array('settingname' => 'value',
'settingname_locked' => true, 'settingname_adv' => true));
//
//=====
// 9. PHPUNIT SUPPORT
//=====
// $CFG->phpunit_prefix = 'phpu_';
// $CFG->phpunit_dataroot = '/home/example/phpu_moodledata';
// $CFG->phpunit_directorypermissions = 02777; // optional
// $CFG->phpunit_profilingenabled = true; // optional to profile PHPUnit runs.
//
//
//=====
// 10. SECRET PASSWORD SALT
//=====
// A site-wide password salt is no longer used in new installations.
// If upgrading from 2.6 or older, keep all existing salts in config.php file.
//
// $CFG->passwordsaltmain = 'a_very_long_random_string_of_characters#@6&*1';
//
// You may also have some alternative salts to allow migration from previously
// used salts.
//
// $CFG->passwordsaltalt1 = "";
// $CFG->passwordsaltalt2 = "";
// $CFG->passwordsaltalt3 = "";
// ....
// $CFG->passwordsaltalt19 = "";

```

```
// $CFG->passwordsalt20 = "";
//
//
//=====
// 11. BEHAT SUPPORT
//=====
// Behat test site needs a unique www root, data directory and database prefix:
//
// $CFG->behat_wwwroot = 'http://127.0.0.1/moodle';
// $CFG->behat_prefix = 'bht_';
// $CFG->behat_dataroot = '/home/example/bht_moodledata';
//
// You can override default Moodle configuration for Behat and add your own
// params; here you can add more profiles, use different Mink drivers than Selenium...
// These params would be merged with the default Moodle behat.yml, giving priority
// to the ones specified here. The array format is YAML, following the Behat
// params hierarchy. More info: http://docs.behat.org/guides/7.config.html
// Example:
// $CFG->behat_config = array(
//     'Mac-Firefox' => array(
//         'suites' => array (
//             'default' => array(
//                 'filters' => array(
//                     'tags' => '~@_file_upload'
//                 ),
//             ),
//         ),
//     ),
//     'extensions' => array(
//         'Behat\MinkExtension' => array(
//             'selenium2' => array(
//                 'browser' => 'firefox',
```

```

//      'capabilities' => array(
//      'platform' => 'OS X 10.6',
//      'version' => 20
//      )
//      )
//      )
//      )
//      ),
//      'Mac-Safari' => array(
//      'extensions' => array(
//      'Behat\MinkExtension' => array(
//      'selenium2' => array(
//      'browser' => 'safari',
//      'capabilities' => array(
//      'platform' => 'OS X 10.8',
//      'version' => 6
//      )
//      )
//      )
//      )
//      )
//      );

// You can also use the following config to override default Moodle configuration for Behat.
// This config is limited to default suite and will be supported in later versions.
// It will have precedence over $CFG->behat_config.
// $CFG->behat_profiles = array(
//      'phantomjs' => array(
//      'browser' => 'phantomjs',
//      'tags' => '~@_file_upload&&~@_alert&&~@_bug_phantomjs',
//      'wd_host' => 'http://127.0.0.1:4443/wd/hub',
//      'capabilities' => array(

```

```
//      'platform' => 'Linux',
//      'version' => 2.1
//  )
// ),
//);
//
// You can force the browser session (not user's sessions) to restart after N seconds. This could
// be useful if you are using a cloud-based service with time restrictions in the browser side.
// Setting this value the browser session that Behat is using will be restarted. Set the time in
// seconds. Is not recommended to use this setting if you don't explicitly need it.
// Example:
// $CFG->behat_restart_browser_after = 7200; // Restarts the browser session after 2 hours
//
// All this page's extra Moodle settings are compared against a white list of allowed settings
// (the basic and behat_* ones) to avoid problems with production environments. This setting can be
// used to expand the default white list with an array of extra settings.
// Example:
// $CFG->behat_extraallowedsettings = array('somecoresetting', ...);
//
// You should explicitly allow the usage of the deprecated behat steps, otherwise an exception will
// be thrown when using them. The setting is disabled by default.
// Example:
// $CFG->behat_usedeprecated = true;
//
// Including feature files from directories outside the dirroot is possible if required. The setting
// requires that the running user has executable permissions on all parent directories in the paths.
// Example:
// $CFG->behat_additionalfeatures = array('/home/developer/code/wipfeatures');
//
// You can make behat save several dumps when a scenario fails. The dumps currently saved are:
// * a dump of the DOM in it's state at the time of failure; and
```

```
// * a screenshot (JavaScript is required for the screenshot functionality, so not all browsers support this option)
```

```
// Example:
```

```
// $CFG->behat_faildump_path = '/my/path/to/save/failure/dumps';
```

```
//
```

```
// You can specify db, selenium wd_host etc. for behat parallel run by setting following variable.
```

```
// Example:
```

```
// $CFG->behat_parallel_run = array (
```

```
//   array (
```

```
//     'dbtype' => 'mysqli',
```

```
//     'dblibrary' => 'native',
```

```
//     'dbhost' => 'localhost',
```

```
//     'dbname' => 'moodletest',
```

```
//     'dbuser' => 'moodle',
```

```
//     'dbpass' => 'moodle',
```

```
//     'behat_prefix' => 'mdl_',
```

```
//     'wd_host' => 'http://127.0.0.1:4444/wd/hub',
```

```
//     'behat_wwwroot' => 'http://127.0.0.1/moodle',
```

```
//     'behat_dataroot' => '/home/example/bht_moodledata'
```

```
//   ),
```

```
// );
```

```
//
```

```
// To change name of behat parallel run site, define BEHAT_PARALLEL_SITE_NAME and parallel run sites will be suffixed
```

```
// with this value
```

```
// Example:
```

```
// define('BEHAT_PARALLEL_SITE_NAME', 'behatparallelsite');
```

```
//
```

```
// Command line output for parallel behat install is limited to 80 chars, if you are installing more than 4 sites and
```

```
// want to expand output to more than 80 chars, then define BEHAT_MAX_CMD_LINE_OUTPUT
```

```
// Example:
```

```
// define('BEHAT_MAX_CMD_LINE_OUTPUT', 120);
//
// Behat feature files will be distributed randomly between the processes by default. If you have
// timing file or want
// to create timing file then define BEHAT_FEATURE_TIMING_FILE with path to timing file. It will be
// updated for each
// run with latest time taken to execute feature.
// Example:
// define('BEHAT_FEATURE_TIMING_FILE', '/PATH_TO_TIMING_FILE/timing.json');
//
// If you don't have timing file and want some stable distribution of features, then you can use step
// counts to
// distribute the features. You can generate step file by executing php admin/tool/behat/cli/util.php -
// updatesteps
// this will update step file which is defined by BEHAT_FEATURE_STEP_FILE.
// Example:
// define('BEHAT_FEATURE_STEP_FILE', '/PATH_TO_FEATURE_STEP_COUNT_FILE/stepcount.json');
//
// Feature distribution for each process is displayed as histogram. you can disable it by setting
// BEHAT_DISABLE_HISTOGRAM
// Example:
// define('BEHAT_DISABLE_HISTOGRAM', true);
//
//=====
// 12. DEVELOPER DATA GENERATOR
//=====
//
// The developer data generator tool is intended to be used only in development or testing sites and
// it's usage in production environments is not recommended; if it is used to create JMeter test plans
// is even less recommended as JMeter needs to log in as site course users. JMeter needs to know
// the
// users passwords but would be dangerous to have a default password as everybody would know it,
// which would
```

```
// be specially dangerous if somebody uses this tool in a production site, so in order to prevent
unintended

// uses of the tool and undesired accesses as well, is compulsory to set a password for the users

// generated by this tool, but only in case you want to generate a JMeter test. The value should be a
string.

// Example:

// $CFG->tool_generator_users_password = 'examplepassword';

//

//=====

// 13. SYSTEM PATHS (You need to set following, depending on your system)

//=====

// Ghostscript path.

// On most Linux installs, this can be left as '/usr/bin/gs'.

// On Windows it will be something like 'c:\gs\bin\gswin32c.exe' (make sure

// there are no spaces in the path - if necessary copy the files 'gswin32c.exe'

// and 'gsdll32.dll' to a new folder without a space in the path)

// $CFG->pathtogs = '/usr/bin/gs';

//

// Path to du.

// Probably something like /usr/bin/du. If you enter this, pages that display

// directory contents will run much faster for directories with a lot of files.

// $CFG->pathtodu = "";

//

// Path to aspell.

// To use spell-checking within the editor, you MUST have aspell 0.50 or later

// installed on your server, and you must specify the correct path to access the

// aspell binary. On Unix/Linux systems, this path is usually /usr/bin/aspell,

// but it might be something else.

// $CFG->aspellpath = "";

//

// Path to dot.

// Probably something like /usr/bin/dot. To be able to generate graphics from
```

```
// DOT files, you must have installed the dot executable and point to it here.
// Note that, for now, this only used by the profiling features
// (Development->Profiling) built into Moodle.
// $CFG->pathtodot = "";
//
// Path to unoconv.
// Probably something like /usr/bin/unoconv. Used as a fallback to convert between document
formats.
// Unoconv is used convert between file formats supported by LibreOffice.
// Use a recent version of unoconv ( >= 0.7 ), older versions have trouble running from a webserver.
// $CFG->pathtounoconv = "";

//=====
// ALL DONE! To continue installation, visit your main page with a browser
//=====

require_once(__DIR__ . '/lib/setup.php'); // Do not edit

// There is no php closing tag in this file,
// it is intentional because it prevents trailing whitespace problems!
```